

PROPERTY INFORMATION	4
THE PURPOSE OF THE RESIDENT SELECTION PLAN	4
BUSINESS RELATIONSHIP	4
SMOKE FREE HOUSING	5
USE OF MARIJUANA	6
SECURITY DEPOSIT REQUIREMENTS	6
PETS	6
Pet Deposit	6
ASSISTANCE DEFINITION	7
TENANT-BASED VOUCHERS Assisted Living	
FAIR HOUSING POLICIES	7
 FAIR HOUSING TITLE VI OF THE CIVIL RIGHTS ACT OF 1964 SECTION 504 OF THE REHABILITATION ACT OF 1973 Coordinating Efforts to Comply with Section 504 Requirements Requests for Reasonable Accommodation or Modification COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS OUTLINED IN THE VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN REAUTHORIZATION ACT OF 2013 THE EQUAL ACCESS RULE 	7 7 8 8 8 8
ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS	8
PROPERTY ELIGIBILITY DEFINITION	8 9 9 9 10
PROCEDURES FOR TAKING APPLICATIONS	11
INCOMPLETE APPLICATIONS Preliminary Determination of Applicant Eligibility Final Determination of Eligibility	12
LIVE-IN AIDES	12
WAITING LISTS	12
MAINTAINING WAITING LISTS REMOVAL OF APPLICANTS FROM THE WAITING LIST SELECTING APPLICANTS FROM THE WAITING LIST PREFERENCES <i>Owner/agent-Adopted Preferences</i> OPENING AND CLOSING WAITING LIST	13 14 14 <i>14</i>
PRIVACY POLICY	
VERIFICATION	
INFORMATION TO BE VERIFIED Methods of Verification	16



SOURCES OF INFORMATION	
PERIOD FOR VERIFICATION	-
CONSENT AND VERIFICATION FORMS	
PROVISIONS FOR REFUSAL TO SIGN	
MISREPRESENTATION	
APPLICANT SCREENING CRITERIA	19
SCREENING FOR DRUG ABUSE AND OTHER CRIMINAL ACTIVITY	
Consideration of Extenuating Circumstances In deciding whether to exercise discretion to admit an individual who has engaged in prohibited criminal activity, owner/agent will consider all of the circumstances relevant to the particular admission decision, including but no limited to: the seriousness of the offending action; the effect that denial of the entire household would have on fan members not involved in the criminal activity; and the extent to which the applicant has taken all reasonable steps prevent or mitigate the criminal activity. Criminal Screening Discoveries.	, the t nily s to 23 23
Screening for Credit History	
SCREENING FOR RENTAL HISTORY	
REJECTING INELIGIBLE OR UNQUALIFIED APPLICANTS	
REJECTION NOTICES	
APPEALING THE REJECTION	
OFFERING AN APARTMENT	27
OFFERING ACCESSIBLE UNITS OFFERING UNITS TO DISABLED APPLICANTS REQUESTING ACCESSIBILITY FEATURES RIGHT TO REFUSAL TIMEFRAME FOR TAKING POSSESSION OF A UNIT	28 28
UNIT TRANSFER POLICIES	29
SECURITY DEPOSITS, PET DEPOSITS & UNIT TRANSFERS	30
HOUSEHOLD SPLIT	30
SECURITY DEPOSITS, PET DEPOSITS & HOUSEHOLD SPLITS	31
CHANGES IN HOUSEHOLD COMPOSITION	31
Adding Household Members after Initial Occupancy Removing Household Members after Initial Occupancy Extended Absence from the Apartment	32
APARTMENT INSPECTIONS	32
CHANGES TO THE RESIDENT SELECTION PLAN	33
APPENDIX A – REQUEST FOR REASONABLE ACCOMMODATION OR MODIFICATION	34
APPENDIX D – VERIFICATION OF HOUSEHOLD COMPOSITION	35
APPENDIX E – VAWA POLICY	38



PROPERTY INFORMATION

Property Name	Covenant Village
Address	
City, State, Zip	
Phone	
Fax	
TTY/TDD/Audio Relay	711 National Voice Relay

THE PURPOSE OF THE RESIDENT SELECTION PLAN

The resident selection plan helps to ensure that residents are selected for occupancy in accordance with LIHTC requirements and established management policies.

Please contact the management office if you need help understanding this document.

- Contacte por favor la oficina de gestión si usted necesita ayuda a comprender este documento. (Spanish)
- > Por favor contate o escritório de gerência se deve ajudar entendimento este documento. (Portugese)
- Si vous avez besoin d'aide à la compréhension de ce document, veuillez communiquer avec le Bureau de gestion. (French)
- Souple kontakte Biwo jesyon a si w bezwen èd pou konprann dokiman sa a. (Haitian Creole)
- Xin liên lạc với văn phòng điều hành nếu bạn cần giúp đỡ sự hiểu biết tài liệu này. (Vietnamese)
- Пожалуйста свяжитесь с офисом управления, если Вам нужна помощь в понимании этого документа. (Russian)
- Bitte kontaktieren Sie das Leitungsbüro, wenn Sie helfen müssen, dieses Dokument zu verstehen. (German)
- ▶ 이 문서를 이해하는데 도움이 필요한 경우관리 사무소에 문의 하시기 바랍니다。(Korean)
- ▶ 請聯絡管理辦公室,如果你需要幫助理解這份文件。(Chinese)
- ▶ もしこの文書を理解しているための助けを必要としていれば、経営オフィスと連絡を取ってください。(Japanese)

BUSINESS RELATIONSHIP

The relationship between a landlord (owner/agent) and a resident or applicant is a business relationship. A courteous and businesslike attitude is required from both parties. The owner/agent reserves the right to conduct business with anyone who is verbally abusive, swears, is disrespectful, makes threats, uses discriminatory language, appears to be intoxicated or under the influence of alcohol or drugs, is argumentative, or in general displays an attitude, at any time, which causes the owner/agent or the property staff to believe we would not have a positive business relationship.

If an applicant or any member of the applicant's family demonstrates unprofessional behavior in the presence of the management team or other residents/applicants, the applicant, the applicant's family and other members of the applicant's entourage (if applicable) will be required to leave the property and the application will be rejected.



If the applicant or any member of the applicant's family exhibits threatening behavior, appears to be intoxicated or under the influence of alcohol or illegal drugs or attempts to intimidate the staff, the applicant, the applicant's family and other members of the applicant's entourage (if applicable) will be required to leave the property and the application will be rejected.

If the applicant or any member of the applicant's family is not appropriately attired, when visiting the management office, the applicant will be asked to leave. Appropriate attire includes shoes, shirts and pants, shorts or skirts. Unacceptable attire includes, but is not limited to:

- Pajamas
- Bathing suits
- Clothing that allows display of foundation garments (underwear)
- Clothing with inappropriate language or pictures

The use of cell phones or other devices is not allowed when engaging with the property staff. If an applicant/resident is participating in a cell phone call, texting, reading a text or otherwise using any electronic device (not necessary to alleviate the symptoms of a disability), the property staff will discontinue any communication until the applicant is able to "disengage".

To ensure the privacy of property staff, property residents and applicants, use of cell phones or other electronic devices, except those necessary to alleviate the symptoms of a disability, by residents or applicants, is not allowed in the management office.

Animals, (other than assistance animals necessary to allow the applicant/resident to conduct business with the owner/agent) are not allowed in the management office.

Children are always welcome. When in the management office, minors must be supervised. Property staff is not responsible for child care or supervision.

Aside from standard property charges, property staff is not permitted to accept any money, gifts, services or favors connected with the application process or associated with any aspect of residency on this property. If property staff solicits any mandatory payment for any part of the application process, the applicant should notify the property staff or the owner/agent-*QUANTUM REAL ESTATE MANAGEMENT*, *301-941-8040*.

SMOKE FREE HOUSING

Smoking is prohibited in any area of the property, both private and common, whether enclosed or outdoors. This policy applies to all owners, property staff, applicants, residents, guests, and servicepersons. Please contact management for Wingler's designated smoking areas.

"Smoking" shall include the inhaling, exhaling, or carrying of any lighted cigarette, e-cigarette, cigar, pipe, hookah, other tobacco products, marijuana including medical marijuana, herbal smoking products "Legal Weed" or products known as "bath salts" or other legal or illegal substance.



USE OF MARIJUANA

Regardless of the purpose of legalization under state law, the use of marijuana in any form, is illegal under the Controlled Substances Act (CSA) and therefore is an illegal controlled substance under Section 577 of the Quality Housing and Work Responsibility Act of 1998 (QHWRA). Based on federal law, new admissions of medical marijuana users are prohibited.

QHWRA requires that owner/agents establish lease standards that prohibit admission based on the illegal use of controlled substances including state legalized marijuana. State laws that legalize medical marijuana directly conflict with QHWRA and thus are subject to federal preemption.

Residents are prohibited from using marijuana (even in a smokeless manner) in their units or on or near the property.

SECURITY DEPOSIT REQUIREMENTS

The owner/agent must collect a security deposit of \$500 at the time of the initial lease execution. The owner/agent will comply with any LIHTC rules and applicable state and local laws governing the security deposit.

The resident is expected to pay the security deposit from his/her own resources and/or other public or private sources. An applicant will be rejected if he/she does not have sufficient funds to pay the deposit.

Pets

Residents are allowed to keep pets in the unit.

Certain restrictions apply and are outlined in the property Pet Rules. Pets and assistance animals must be approved **<u>before</u>** they are allowed to live in the unit. A copy of the Pet Rules is available upon request.

When applicable, residents must agree to pay any required pet deposit and must agree to abide by the property's Pet Rules and/or Assistance Animal Rules.

If an applicant wishes to request approval of an assistance animal – necessary to alleviate the symptoms or side-effects of a disability, the applicant (or applicant's representative) must request a reasonable accommodation. Please review the process to request a reasonable accommodation in Appendix A. The applicant should also review the Assistance Animal Policy which is available upon request.

PET DEPOSIT

The pet rules require residents who own dogs or cats (pets) or keep dogs or cats (pets) in their units to pay a refundable pet deposit. This deposit is in addition to any other financial obligation generally imposed on residents of the property.

The refundable pet deposit will not exceed \$300.00. One pet is allowed at a 25-pound weight limit.

The owner/agent will use the pet deposit only to pay reasonable expenses directly attributable to the presence of the pet on the property. Such expenses would include, but not be limited to, the cost of repairs and replacement to the unit, fumigation of the unit, and the cost of animal care facilities.



The owner/agent will return the unused portion of a pet deposit to the resident within a reasonable time after the resident moves from the property or no longer owns or keeps a household pet in the unit.

Residents, their guests and/or service providers are required to comply with the property Pet Policies. Please note that visiting pets are not allowed.

Assistance animals that assist persons with disabilities are exempt from the pet policy and from the refundable pet deposit.

Residents, guests and service providers will be required to comply with the Assistance Animal Rules.

ASSISTANCE DEFINITION

The property is operating under the guidelines established for the Low Income Housing Tax Credit program. A person must be capable of fulfilling the lease requirements.

TENANT-BASED VOUCHERS

The owner/agent may admit an applicant with a voucher to a unit as long as the applicant meets all other eligibility criteria at Covenant Village.

Assisted Living

The owner/agent and property staff does not provide, nor has the authority to provide, any personal care or personal supervision services. All care and supervision services must be provided by the resident or aides supervised by the resident or the resident's representative(s). The owner/agent and property staff does not provide assistance with personal activities or daily living.

FAIR HOUSING POLICIES

FAIR HOUSING

The Fair Housing Act prohibits discrimination in housing and housing related transactions based on race, color, religion, sex, national origin, disability, and familial status.

In addition, the state of Virginia has added Fair Housing protections based on age (55 and older).

TITLE VI OF THE CIVIL RIGHTS ACT OF 1964

The owner/agent complies with Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 which prohibits discrimination based on race, color, or national origin.

SECTION 504 OF THE REHABILITATION ACT OF 1973

The owner/agent complies with Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 which prohibits discrimination, based on the presence of a disability in all programs or activities operated by recipients of federal financial assistance.



Although Section 504 protections often overlap with the disability discrimination prohibitions included in the Fair Housing Act, Section 504 differs in that it imposes broader affirmative obligations to make their programs, as a whole, accessible to persons with disabilities.

Coordinating Efforts to Comply with Section 504 Requirements

The owner/agent has designated a person to address questions or requests regarding the specific needs of residents and applicants with disabilities. This person is referred to as the Section 504 Coordinator.

Name of Section 504 Coordinator:	Margaret Callaway	
Address:	5101 River Road Suite 101, Bethesda, MD 20816	
Phone Number:	301-941-8040	
TDD/TTY Number:	711 Voice Relay	

Requests for Reasonable Accommodation or Modification

In accordance with the Fair Housing Act and Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act, the owner/agent will make reasonable accommodations or modifications for individuals with disabilities (applicants or residents) unless these modifications would change the fundamental nature of the housing program or result in undue financial and administrative burden. Please see Appendix A for additional information.

COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS OUTLINED IN THE VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN REAUTHORIZATION ACT OF 2013

The owner/agent understands that, regardless of whether state or local laws protect victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault or stalking, people who have been victims of violence have certain protections provided through the Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act of 2013 (VAWA 2013).

If any applicant wishes to exercise the protections provided in the VAWA 2013, he/she should contact the owner/agent immediately.

The owner/agent will not assume that any act is a result of abuse covered under the VAWA 2013. In order to receive the protections outlined in the VAWA 2013, the applicant/applicant must specify that he/she wishes to exercise these protections.

Please see Appendix E for a copy of the owner/agent's VAWA Policy.

THE EQUAL ACCESS RULE

The owner/agent ensures that the property's core housing programs are open to all eligible persons regardless of sexual orientation, gender identity or marital status in accordance with *The Equal Access Rule*.

ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS

PROPERTY ELIGIBILITY DEFINITION

Household/Resident Type



Applicants must be:

• Age 62 years of age or older at time of application

• Applicants must provide one of the following as proof of age: birth certificate, baptismal certificate, military discharge papers, valid passport, census document showing age, naturalization certificate, SSA benefits printout or driver's license. Prior to admission document must be submitted.

Income Limits

Income limits vary by household size. The owner/agent will provide applicants a copy of the income limits for the property area upon request. In addition, applicants can review the income limits by accessing the following web site. <u>http://www.huduser.org/datasets/il.html.</u> IRS LIHTC and HOC guidelines require that property managers incorporate the most recently published income limits when determining eligibility.

For this property, qualified applicant households meet the income maximum percentage of the Annual Median Income (depending upon unit) and meet the income minimum requirements based on rent amounts (subject to change):

Size	<u>Square ft.</u>
1br1ba (40%)	678 - 720
2br1ba (50%)	793-837
2br1ba (60%)	892
2br1.5ba (60%)	890-991
2br1.5ba (market)	988

Occupancy Standards

Occupancy standards serve to prevent the over-utilization or under-utilization of units that can result in an inefficient use of housing funding. Occupancy standards also ensure that residents are treated fairly and consistently and receive adequate housing space.

Covenant Village has one- and two-bedroom units with a maximum occupancy of two (2) persons.

Verifying the Need for an Accessible Unit



When an applicant requests an accessible unit or a unit preference, such as a first floor unit, the owner/agent will conduct inquiries to:

- 1. Verify that the applicant is qualified for the unit, which is only available to persons with a disability or to persons with a particular type of disability
- 2. Verify that the applicant needs the features of the unit as an accommodation to his or her disability
- 3. Verify that the applicant is qualified to receive a priority on the waiting list available to persons with a disability or to persons with a particular type of disability

PROGRAM ELIGIBILITY

Based on federal regulations, the owner/agent may admit only eligible applicants. In the selection of applicants for admission, eligibility criteria have been established in accordance with LIHTC guidelines. The following eligibility standards will be applied in accordance with LIHTC requirements:

- 1. The household's annual income must not exceed program income limits at move-in
- 2. The Head-of-Household (HOH), co-Head-of-Household and the spouse (regardless of age) and all adults in each household must sign an Authorization for Release of Information and owner/agent created verification documents prior to receiving assistance and annually thereafter
- 3. The unit for which the household is applying must be the household's only residence
- 4. An applicant must agree to pay the rent required by the program under which the applicant will receive assistance
- 5. The household size must be appropriate for the available apartments (See Occupancy Standards)
- 6. All information reported by the household is subject to verification

Eligibility of Students Enrolled at an Institute for Higher Education

Student eligibility is determined at move-in/initial certification and at each annual certification. Student eligibility may also be reviewed at interim certification if student status has changed since the last certification. A student who is otherwise eligible and meets screening requirements is eligible for assistance if the student meets the criteria indicated below. In order for a household of full-time students to be considered eligible, they must meet one of the following criteria:

- 1. Any member of the household is married and either files or is entitled to file a joint tax return.
- 2. The household consists of a least one single parent and his or her minor children, and the parent is not a dependent of a third party.
- 3. Any children may be claimed as a dependent of either parent, regardless of tenancy in unit.
- 4. At least one member of the household receives assistance under Title IV of the Social Security Act. (AFDC, TANF, etc. Not SSA or SSI)
- 5. At least one member is enrolled in a job training program receiving assistance under the Work Investment Act (WIA) formerly known as the Job Training Partnership Act, or similar federal, state or local laws.



6. At least one member of the household is under age 24 and has exited the Foster Care system within the previous 6 years.

PROCEDURES FOR TAKING APPLICATIONS

It is the owner/agent's policy to accept and process applications in accordance with LIHTC guidance. The owner/agent will make a reasonable accommodation to assist in the application process if the applicant or any member of the applicant household is disabled.

Applications will be accepted Monday through Friday from 8:00 am to 4:30 pm, unless the waiting list is closed.

Upon request, the owner/agent will provide interested parties with a copy of the application package. The person who is indicated as the Head-of-Household (HOH) must execute and sign all documents that are included in the application package.

Before completing or executing any forms, additional copies should be made for all adult household members and in some cases for minors who will live in the unit. All adult applicants must complete the application package as instructed.

The owner/agent requires applicants to provide a government issued photo ID - used for verifying the identity of all applicants. If the applicant is not able to visit the site, alternative means of verifying identity, such as Skype or Facetime, may be utilized.

In some cases and when appropriate, this ID may also be used to verify age.

The owner/agent may require a birth certificate or other documentation that can be used to verify age and relationship to other household members as required.

All applications can be submitted on site at the property management office. Applications will be accepted from individuals on a first-come, first-served basis and will be date and time stamped when received. The owner/agent will accept applications using alternative methods including mail or internet submission. The owner/agent will also accept the application in an equally effective format, as a reasonable accommodation, if there is the presence of a disability.

All documents in the Application Package must be **completed in full**, signed and dated in order to be accepted. Applicants **will not** be added to the waiting list until all application forms have been properly completed and signed as appropriate.

INCOMPLETE APPLICATIONS

If the application is not complete, the owner/agent will attempt to contact the applicant to obtain missing information. The applicant will have ten (10) business days to respond and provide missing information. If the applicant fails to provide required information within the ten (10) day period, the owner/agent will return the application.



PRELIMINARY **D**ETERMINATION OF **A**PPLICANT **E**LIGIBILITY

Information needed to determine applicant eligibility shall be obtained, verified, and the determination of applicant eligibility performed, in accordance with LIHTC and property eligibility requirements. Upon receipt of the completed application, the owner/agent will make a preliminary eligibility determination before adding a household to the waiting list or initiating final eligibility tasks. The owner/agent will review the application to ensure that there are no obvious factors that would make the applicant ineligible.

If a preliminary eligibility review indicates that a household appears eligible for tenancy, but units of appropriate size are not available, the owner/agent will place the household on the waiting list for the property and notify the household when a suitable unit becomes available.

If an applicant is otherwise eligible but no appropriate unit exists in the property, the owner/agent will reject the application.

FINAL DETERMINATION OF ELIGIBILITY

When a unit becomes available, all eligibility criteria will be reviewed before a final eligibility determination is made. Being eligible, however, does not guarantee that the application will be approved. All adult applicants (and if appropriate minors) will be subject to the certain screening based on landlord/rental history, credit history and criminal history. If the screening process determines that the family meets LIHTC and the owner/agent's standards for admission, the family is found eligible.

LIVE-IN AIDES

Please contact the management office staff if a live-in aide will be moving in to the unit. If the family plans to include a live-in aide, the live-in aide is not required to complete the same application forms. Live-in aides must complete the Live-in Aide Questionnaire and participate in screening and other O/A verifications that are required.

The live-in aide must meet HUD's definition of a live-in aide. The live-in aide has no rights to the unit as a remaining family member and must agree to relinquish possession of the unit within a reasonable time if the resident is absent for an extended period of time or if the resident leaves for any reason. The live-in aide will be required to sign an acknowledgement the live-in aide has no right of residency or occupancy if the resident is absent or if the resident moves out for any reason including death.

WAITING LISTS

To ensure that applicants are appropriately and fairly selected for the next available unit *(when a unit of the appropriate size or type is not available at the time of application)*, it is essential for the owner/agent to maintain waiting lists. The owner/agent will place the applicant household on the waiting list after preliminary eligibility determination is complete.

Applicants will have the option of specifying a desired unit size or multiple unit sizes when completing the application. The applicant will be placed on the waiting list for all indicated unit sizes/types as long as:

- > The applicant household meets the Occupancy Standards described in this plan, and
- > The waiting list for the unit size is open



The applicant (Head-of-Household (HOH) will be contacted, based on the waiting list selection criteria, for the first unit that becomes available based on the selection guidelines described in this plan.

MAINTAINING WAITING LISTS

It is the policy of the owner/agent to administer its waiting list as required by HUD handbooks and regulations. The owner/agent will update the waiting list by removing the names of applicants based on the requirements set forth in this plan.

If the Head-of-Household (HOH) fails to respond to the owner/agent inquiries regarding the desire to remain on the waiting list, the application will be rejected and the household will be removed from the waiting list.

In addition, an adult member of the applicant household must contact the property, in writing, if household information changes (i.e. number of household members, number of future household members, criminal history, income, etc.). If the household size or composition changes, the owner/agent will:

- 1. Update the waiting list information and
- 2. Decide whether the household needs the same or a different unit

If, as a result of the household composition change, it is determined that the household will be on the waiting list for a different unit than originally indicated, the household will be added to the end of the waiting list for the appropriate unit size.

If the waiting list is currently closed for the appropriate unit size, the application will be rejected and the household will be removed from the waiting list.

If there are no units of the appropriate size on the property, the household will be rejected and will be removed from the waiting list.

REMOVAL OF APPLICANTS FROM THE WAITING LIST

The owner/agent will remove an applicant's name from the waiting list when if any of the following apply:

- > Applicant requests that the household name be removed
- The unit that is needed using household size as the basis has changed, and no appropriate size/type unit exists in the property
- The unit that is needed using household size as the basis has changed, and the waiting list is closed for that unit size/type
- > Applicant fails to meet eligibility requirements
- > Applicant fails to meet occupancy standards
- > Applicant fails to meet screening requirements
- > Applicant is rejected for any reason described in this plan
- > Applicant cannot be contact by US Mail (letters are returned or undeliverable)
- > Applicant cannot be contacted by phone (number disconnected or changed))
- Applicant fails to keep application information up to date based on the requirements described in this plan



Applicant was clearly advised, in writing, of the requirement to tell owner/agent of his/her continued interest in housing by a particular time and failed to do so

If an applicant is removed from the waiting list, and subsequently the owner/agent determines that an error was made in removing the applicant, the applicant will be reinstated at the original place on the waiting list.

If an applicant is removed from the waiting list and later, the applicant household feels that they are now qualified for assistance/tenancy, the applicant household must submit a new application. The applicant will be place on the waiting list, as necessary, based on the submission date and time of the **new** application.

There are certain situations when the owner/agent may refuse to accept an application. The owner/agent will not accept applications from individuals who were previously rejected because the applicant:

- ➤ Is subject to a state lifetime sex offender registry
- Has been convicted of a crime as indicated in the criminal screening criteria (certain time restrictions apply)
- > Has been evicted from another property managed or owned by the owner/agent
- > Has been evicted from a federally assisted property for drug use in the last three years

In addition, if an applicant previously accepted a unit offered by the owner/agent and the applicant failed to take possession of the unit on the agreed upon date without notice to the owner/agent, the owner/agent reserves the right to refuse all future applications.

SELECTING **A**PPLICANTS FROM THE **W**AITING LIST

When a unit becomes available, the owner/agent will contact the next household on the waiting list *(based on the selection criteria described in this plan)* and the household members will be required to meet with management for an eligibility interview.

No decisions to offer the unit shall be made until all information presented by the applicant has been verified and the final eligibility determination is complete.

PREFERENCES

Applicants with preferences are selected from the waiting list and receive an opportunity for an available unit earlier than those who do not have a preference.

Assigning preferences to applicants who meet certain criteria is a method intended to provide housing opportunities to applicants based upon household circumstances.

Preferences <u>affect only the order applicants are selected from the waiting list</u>. They do not make anyone eligible who was not otherwise eligible. Preferences are not permitted if they, in any way, interfere with affirmative marketing efforts or fair housing requirements.

Owner/agent-Adopted Preferences



<u>Unit Transfer Preference</u>: Residents who have submitted a Unit Transfer Request and who are deemed eligible for the transfer are given preference on the waiting list. This means that a resident transferring from one unit to another will be offered a unit before an applicant.

Owner/agent-Adopted Preferences – Imminent Threat

VAWA Emergency Transfer (Internal Transfer): In some cases, families that qualify for a VAWA Emergency Transfer may receive preference over other residents who have requested a unit transfer. Please see the VAWA Policy and/or contact property staff for additional information.

VAWA Emergency Transfer (External Transfer): In some cases, families that qualify for a VAWA Emergency Transfer may receive preference over other applicants. Please see the VAWA Policy and the VAWA Emergency Transfer Plan and/or contact property staff for additional information.

Verification of Preferences

All preferences will be verified using the verification methodology described in this resident selection plan.

Special consideration applies when a VAWA Emergency Transfer Request is submitted by a victim of a VAWA crime. If this is your situation, please contact the property staff for additional information.

When a Request for Preference is Denied

If it is determined that an applicant does not meet the criteria for receiving a preference, the applicant will receive written notice of this determination within ten (10) business days. The notice will contain the reasons for the determination. The applicant has the right to meet with the owner/agent representative to review or appeal the decision.

Change in Preference Status While on the Waiting List

Occasionally households on the waiting list who did not qualify for a preference when they applied will experience a change in circumstances that qualifies them for a preference. In such cases, it is the responsibility of the applicant to contact the owner/agent so that their change in status may be verified and the waiting list can be updated to reflect the preference as appropriate.

To the extent the verification determines the household does now qualify for a preference, they will be selected from the waiting list in accordance with the preference and the date the application was received.

Exceptions to the Preference Rule

Management will give priority to current residents:

- Residing in a unit that has been determined uninhabitable due to flood, fire or other natural disaster
- > When a unit is designated for rehabilitation or repair

These situations represent extenuating circumstances and the normal selection order may be adjusted to address the needs of these residents.



OPENING AND CLOSING WAITING LIST

In order to ensure that applicants on the waiting list are processed in a reasonable amount of time, the owner/agent may stop accepting applications and close waiting lists in whole or in part. Decisions about closing and opening the waiting list will be based on the number of applications available for a particular size and type of apartment and the ability of the owner/agent to house an applicant in an appropriate apartment within a reasonable period of time.

The owner/agent will use a twelve (12)-month waiting period to determine whether the waiting list may be closed. If the owner/agent has sufficient applications, the waiting list may be closed completely. Notices announcing that the waiting list is closed or open will be publicly announced in the following manner:

- Local newspapers
- Publications described in the Marketing Plan
- > Flyers distributed in applicable neighborhoods

Interested parties who insist on submitting applications when the waiting list is closed will not be considered. The application <u>will not be reviewed</u> and will be returned.

During the period when the waiting list is closed, the owner/agent <u>will not</u> maintain a list of individuals who wish to be notified when the waiting list is reopened.

PRIVACY POLICY

It is the policy of the owner/agent to guard the privacy of individuals conferred by the Federal Privacy Act of 1974 and to ensure the protection of such individuals' records maintained by the owner/agent.

Neither the property owner nor its agents shall disclose any personal information contained in its records to any person or agency, other than the IRS, its Contract Administrators or other federal/state entity or investor auditing entities, unless the individual about whom information is requested gives written consent to such disclosure. Such consent may be provided in an equally effective manner, as a reasonable accommodation, when there is the presence of a disability.

This Privacy Policy in no way limits the owner/agent's ability to collect such information to determine eligibility, compute rent, or determine an applicant's suitability for tenancy.

VERIFICATION

The owner/agent shall obtain verifications in compliance with requirements set forth by the IRS. After the preliminary eligibility determination, no decision to approve an application shall be made until information provided on the application form and during subsequent interviews has been collected and any necessary follow-up interviews have been performed. All information relative to the following items must be verified as described in these procedures.

INFORMATION TO BE VERIFIED

Information to be verified includes, but is not limited to:

1) Eligibility for Admission, such as



- a) Income
- b) Assets And Asset Income
- c) Identification
- d) Age
- e) Household Composition
- f) Student Status
- 2) Compliance with Resident Screening Guidelines, such as
 - a) Criminal History
 - b) Credit History
 - c) Rental/Residence History
- 3) The Need for an Accessible Unit

METHODS OF VERIFICATION

Verifications will be attempted in the following order:

- 1) Third-party (as appropriate)
- 2) In the absence of any of the above, notarized or witnessed statements from the household member *(the owner/agent is not required to accept family/self certification)*. Each file will be documented, when appropriate, to show that staff attempted to obtain third-party verification before relying on family certification.

SOURCES OF INFORMATION

Sources of information may include, but are not limited to:

- > Any member of the applicant household
- Present and former housing providers/landlords
- Present and former employers
- ➢ Banks
- Insurance Companies
- Any Asset Manager
- Family members
- Any person or organization providing gifts/regular contributions to the household
- Credit Screening providers
- Criminal Screening providers
- Eviction Screening providers
- Social workers/Parole Officers
- Court records
- Drug Treatment Centers
- Health Providers
- Physicians
- Clergy
- Schools/Institutes of Higher Education
- Department of Homeland Security (DHS)
- Department of Health and Human Services (HHS)
- The Internal Revenue Service (IRS)
- The Social Security Administration (SSA)



- Medicare/Medicaid
- Representative of the United States Armed Forces
- Any federal/local benefit providers
- Utility Providers
- Local and non-local law enforcement
- Automated criminal databases
- Sexual Offenders registries when available
- The world wide web (internet)

The owner/agent will be the final judge of the credibility of any verification submitted by an applicant. If the owner/agent questions the validity of a document or the validity of information provided, it will be reviewed by management staff for a ruling regarding acceptability.

PERIOD FOR VERIFICATION

Only verified information that is less than 120 days old may be used for verification. Verified information not subject to change (such as a person's date of birth) will not be re-verified.

CONSENT AND VERIFICATION FORMS

Regardless of age, the Head-of-Household (HOH), the co-Head-of-Household (HOH) the spouse of the Head-of-Household (HOH) and all adult members of a household must sign consent forms so that the owner/agent can verify eligibility.

Consent and verification forms protect the rights and privacy of residents and applicants by allowing them to have control over any information collected about them.

All adult members of an applicant or resident household must also sign individual verification forms authorizing the owner/agent to verify household income and applicable eligibility factors (e.g., disability status) and to allow for screening.

PROVISIONS FOR REFUSAL TO SIGN

If any member of the applicant's household, does not sign and submit the consent forms as required, the owner/agent must reject the application and deny assistance and/or tenancy.

MISREPRESENTATION

Any information, provided by the applicant that proves to be untrue may be used to disqualify the applicant because of misrepresentation or attempted fraud. The owner/agent will not take any action to reduce or deny assistance based on inconsistent information received during the verification process until the owner/agent has independently investigated the information.

The owner/agent considers false information about the following to be grounds for rejecting an applicant:

- ➢ Identity
- Social Security Numbers/Information
- ➢ Income
- Assets/Income From Assets
- Household Composition



- Disability
- Birth Date/Age
- Eviction History
- Criminal History
- Sexual Offender Status
- Eligibility For Preferences and Priorities
- Current/Previous Residence History
- Current Housing Assistance
- Status As A Student

Unintentional errors that do not cause preferential treatment will not be used as a basis to reject applicants.

APPLICANT SCREENING CRITERIA

Screening is performed in a manner that is reasonable, consistent, and complies with fair housing laws. Screening is used to help ensure that households admitted to a property will abide by the terms of the lease, pay rent on time, take care of the property and unit, and allow all residents to peacefully enjoy their homes.

Anyone who wishes to live on the property must be screened <u>prior to moving in</u>. This includes, but is not limited to, live-in aides, security/police officers or additional household members wishing to move-in after the initial move-in. *Certain exceptions apply to children/minors*. The current screening guidelines in place at the time the new household member applies will be used to determine eligibility for admission.

SCREENING FOR DRUG ABUSE AND OTHER CRIMINAL ACTIVITY

Per the Montgomery County Housing Justice Act, a "conditional offer" is an offer of tenancy conditioned on the result of further inquiry into applicant's criminal record or another contingency that is communicated to prospective tenant at the time such conditional offer to rent is made. Before extending a conditional offer, landlord must not:

1) Require that applicant disclose the existence of an arrest or conviction record, or that applicant has been accused of a crime;

2) Conduct a criminal record check of the applicant; or

3) Otherwise inquire of the applicant or others regarding the applicant's arrest or conviction record or whether applicant has been accused of a crime.

HUD has established standards that prohibit admission of:

- 1. Any household in which any member was evicted in the last three years from federally assisted housing for drug-related criminal activity
- 2. *A household in which any member is currently engaged in illegal use of drugs or for which the owner/agent has reasonable cause to believe that a member's illegal use or pattern of illegal use of a drug may interfere with the health, safety, and right to peaceful enjoyment of the property by other residents
- 3. Any household member who is subject to any state lifetime sex offender registration requirement



4. Any household member if there is reasonable cause to believe that member's behavior, from abuse or pattern of abuse of alcohol, may interfere with the health, safety, and right to peaceful enjoyment by other residents. The screening standards must be based on behavior, not the condition of alcoholism or alcohol abuse

Current abuse is indicated <u>and will be investigated</u> if, within the last eighteen (18) months, the resident has been charged or convicted of substance abuse related crimes (including crimes related to alcohol abuse) or crimes involving controlled substances as defined by the Controlled Substance Act.

In addition to HUD requirements, the owner/agent has established a policy to reject all applications where the applicant or any household member has engaged in criminal activity as described in this document.

Per the Montgomery County Housing Justice Act, the owner/agent will not at any time base a rental decision on, require an applicant to disclose, conduct a criminal record check solely to determine, or otherwise inquire applicant or others about whether:

1) Applicant has been arrested for or has an arrest record for a matter that did not result in a conviction: or

- 2) Applicant has an arrest or conviction record, or has otherwise been accused of the following: a. trespass under §§ 6-402 or 6-403 of the Criminal Law Article of the Maryland Code;
 - b. theft as a misdemeanor under § 7-104 of the Criminal Law Article of the Maryland Code; c. a refusal or failure to leave public buildings or grounds under § 6-409 of the Criminal Article of the Maryland Code;
 - d. indecent exposure under § 11-107 of the Criminal Article of the Maryland Code;
 - e. public urination under § 32-17-A of this Code;
 - f. an open container violation under § 10-125 of the Criminal Law Article of the Maryland Code; g. possession of marijuana as a misdemeanor or civil violation under Title 5 of the Criminal Article of the Maryland Code;

h. a first conviction of disturbance of the peace or disorderly conduct under § 10-201 of the Criminal Law Article of the Maryland Code;

- i. a vehicle law violation under the Transportation Article of the Maryland Code
- j. a conviction of a misdemeanor if at least 2 years have passed since:

i. the date of the conviction; and

ii. the date that any period of incarceration for the misdemeanor ended; or k. a matter for which records:

i. are confidential under § 3-8A-27 of the Courts and Judicial Proceedings Article of the Maryland Code; or

ii. have been expunged under §§ 10-101 – 10-110 of the Criminal Procedure Article of the Maryland Code.

Per the Montgomery County Housing Justice Act, the owner/agent may base a rental decision upon, and inquire into, certain sex crimes (listed below) as well as conduct any such inquiries that are expressly required by applicable federal or State law or regulation. The Act specifically permits inquiries into:

1) a conviction record or pending criminal accusation for



a. a crime of a sexual nature under Title 3 of the Criminal Law Article of the Maryland Code; or

b. a violation of Sections 11-102, 11-103, 11-104, 11-305, or of Title 11, Subtitle 3, of the Criminal Law Article of the Maryland Code;

2) an applicant's presence on a sex offender registry

The owner/agent will reject applications if any household member's criminal history includes one or more of the following:

- 1) Record of any conviction or adjudication, other than acquittal, of the following felonies by any household member
 - a. Murder
 - b. Arson
 - c. Felony Assault
 - d. Kidnapping
 - e. Burglary
 - f. Treason
 - g. Crimes involving harm to children
 - h. Sexual offenses
 - i. Crimes involving explosives
 - j. Crimes involving terrorism
 - k. Crimes involving the manufacture, distribution or illegal use of illegal or controlled substances
 - l. Fraud
- 2) Record of any conviction or adjudication, other than acquittal, of all but the felonies listed above within ten (10) years of conviction or parole, whichever is later
- 3) Record of three (3) or more felony convictions or adjudications, other than acquittal
- 4) Record of any conviction or adjudication, other than acquittal, which involved the following misdemeanor offenses within two (2) years of conviction or parole; whichever is later *Note:* Other Class A or Class 1 misdemeanors may be considered.
 - a. Assault resulting in bodily injury
 - b. Misdemeanor Domestic Violence
 - c. Burglary
 - d. Resisting arrest
 - e. Indecent Exposure
 - f. Obscenity
 - g. Pimping/Prostitution
 - h. Graffiti
 - i. Possession of a controlled substance
 - j. Property theft
 - k. Unlawful possession of a weapon
 - 1. Violating a restraining orders
 - m. Terroristic Threats
 - n. Reckless Damage or Destruction
- 5) Record of any conviction or adjudication, other than acquittal, which involved other Class A or Class 1 misdemeanor offenses within three (3) years of conviction or parole; whichever is later



- 6) Record of any conviction or adjudication, other than acquittal, which involved any other Class B, or Class 2 misdemeanor offense within two (2) years of conviction or parole; whichever is later
- 7) Record of any conviction or adjudication, other than acquittal, which involved any other Class C or Class 3 misdemeanor or offense within one (1) years of conviction or parole; whichever is later
- 8) Record of three or more convictions or adjudications, other than acquittal, which involved a misdemeanor offense within <u>the last three (3) years.</u>
- 9) Record of any act that interferes or may interfere with the peaceful and quiet enjoyment of the premises within two (2) years of conviction or parole (if applicable); whichever is later. *Note: When there is no conviction, regulations specifically provide that denial of assistance for criminal activity must be based on a "preponderance of the evidence" that the applicant engaged in such activity.*
- 10) Record of any conviction or adjudication, other than acquittal, which involved a sex crime
- 11) Record of any conviction or adjudication, other than acquittal, which involved harm to a child
- 12) Record of any conviction or adjudication, other than acquittal, which involved harm to an animal
- 13) Record of any conviction or adjudication, other than acquittal, for any act covered under the Violence Against Women Act
- 14) Sex Offender Registration: Applicant is or ever has been subject to registration under a state sex offender registration program

If the owner/agent discovers an unresolved criminal charge of an act covered under the Violence Against Women Act, charge of a felony, or a charge involving the possession, use or distribution of marijuana, the application will be suspended until the charge is resolved. At that time, the owner/agent's current screening criteria will be applied.

If a resident or applicant has requested VAWA protections and such protections have been justified based on owner/agent investigation, the abuser/perpetrator will not be approved to live on the property.

If the owner/agent is unable to complete required criminal or sexual offender screening, the application will be rejected.

If the owner/agent determines that a sex offender is part of the household, the owner/agent will allow the household to remove the sex offender from the application. Removal must be documented using a signed, notarized copy of the owner's form.

The household will have ten (10) business days to provide verification that the household member has alternative housing or that the household member has applied for alternative housing. Failure to provide such documentation will result in rejection of the application for all household members.

In this case, the owner/agent reserves the right to monitor household composition after move-in. If the owner/agent discovers that a sex offender has moved in to the unit, assistance will be terminated and the household will be evicted in accordance with HUD requirements. Any assistance paid-in-error must be returned to HUD.

United States Code Title 8, subsection 1324(a)(1)(A) prohibits the harboring of illegal aliens. The provision of housing to illegal aliens is a fundamental component of harboring. All applicants will be required to provide proof of citizenship or legal immigration status.



If criminal screening indicates that the applicant has an unacceptable criminal history, the owner/agent will reject the applicant in accordance with HUD guidance and the owner/agent's standards for applicant rejection.

Consideration of Extenuating Circumstances

In deciding whether to exercise discretion to admit an individual who has engaged in prohibited criminal activity, the owner/agent will consider all of the circumstances relevant to the particular admission decision, including but not limited to: the seriousness of the offending action; the effect that denial of the entire household would have on family members not involved in the criminal activity; and the extent to which the applicant has taken all reasonable steps to prevent or mitigate the criminal activity.

Additionally, when specifically considering whether to deny admission for illegal drug use by a household member who is no longer engaged in such activity, the owner/agent will consider whether the household member is participating in or has successfully completed a drug rehabilitation program, or has otherwise been rehabilitated successfully.

Criminal Screening Discoveries

If the criminal background investigation indicates that the applicant does not meet the criminal screening criteria, the owner/agent will reject the applicant in accordance with the owner/agent's standards for applicant rejection. Before rejecting the household, the owner/agent will compare the information provided by the applicant with the criminal history report. If the information conflicts, the owner/agent will:

- 1) Notify the household of the proposed action based on the information;
- 2) Provide the content of the criminal record and information about how to obtain a copy of the information;
- 3) Provide the applicant with an opportunity to dispute the accuracy and relevance of the information obtained from any law enforcement agency;
- 4) Allow the household the opportunity to remove the household member.

In this situation, applicants will have ten (10) business days to resolve the discrepancy. If the applicant fails to contact the owner/agent or indicates that he/she cannot provide documentation to refute the criminal discovery, the owner/agent will reject the application and remove the household from the waiting list.

If, after move-in, the owner/agent discovers that there was criminal history that would have resulted in rejection, the owner/agent will contact the resident to ascertain the accuracy of the criminal report. If the resident would have been rejected had the information been know at the time of the eligibility determination, the owner/agent will take appropriate action including pursuing termination of tenancy (eviction).

SCREENING FOR CREDIT HISTORY

The owner/agent reviews each adult applicant's credit history. The owner/agent does not consider medical bills/expenses when reviewing credit history.



Credit history will be reviewed to determine if there is any debt owed to a prior landlord or HUD. Applicants owing prior landlords will be rejected unless:

- Such debt has been paid or
- Applicant has entered in to a repayment agreement and can demonstrate that payments toward the principal amount(s) have been on time for the most current 6 months

The owner/agent will also review utility payment history. If the applicant has more than three late utility payments in the last year or if the applicant is unable to establish utilities in the new unit, the application will be rejected.

Other credit history will be reviewed; the following discoveries will be reason for rejection:

- > One or more outstanding judgments in excess of \$1000 within the last three years
- > Two or more checks returned for non-sufficient funds in the last year
- Current RealPage leasing desk score below 423
- > Default on any loan/payment agreement within the last two years
- > Any record of failure to pay child support owed within the last 12 months
- > Overpayment of federal assistance due to misrepresentation and/or fraud

If the applicant has no credit history, the credit screening will be considered "positive".

If the applicant has Housing Choice Vouchers or similar rental assistance, including, but not limited to, VASH, Shelter Plus Care, Bridge Subsidy and Continuum of Care, or prospective tenants are applying for units with project-based vouchers, the credit screening and minimum income and credit score requirements are waived.

SCREENING FOR RENTAL HISTORY

If any member of the applicant household has been evicted from any property owned or managed by QUANTUM REAL ESTATE MANAGEMENT, LLC for lease violations, that applicant household will be rejected.

The owner/agent will review rental history with any landlord indicated in the past three (3) years. The owner/agent will also review information provided through automated databases including eviction databases. If any member of the applicant household has been evicted from any property, for lease violations, within the last three (3) years, the application will be rejected.

If the applicant fails to identify one or more residences where he/she lived in the last three (3) years, the applicant will be rejected and the household will be removed from the waiting list.

The owner/agent will contact the prior property owner/agent (as indicated above) and inquire about the following information:

- Adherence to the Lease & Community Policies
- Compliance with certification reporting requirements
- Rental Payment Performance



- Compliance with requirements to fully and accurately disclose income information in a timely manner
- Requirement to Return Assistance Paid in Error due to under-reporting income or un-reported income
- Unit Maintenance/Damage
- > Presence of Bed Bugs, Head Lice, Roaches or other parasitic infestation
- Record of Disturbing Neighbors
- ➢ Complaints

If information obtained is negative the applicant will be rejected. Negative responses include but are not limited to:

- ➢ Failure to comply with the lease
- ➤ Failure to comply with House Rules, Pet Rules or Assistance Animal Rules
- Failure to fully and accurately report income, new employment or changes in household composition in a timely manner
- Providing false information
- Slow or no response to requests to recertify
- Poor rental payment history (average more than two (2) late payments per year, record of bounced checks, any outstanding balance)
- > Record of poor unit maintenance or damage to the unit beyond normal wear-and-tear
- Presence of parasitic infestation unless the applicant agrees to have all unit contents treated before move-in (owner/agent will arrange for and pay for treatment)
- Complaints from neighbors regarding actions that directly affect the peace and quiet comfort of others living in the community
- Record of actions that interfered with or prevented the previous landlord from effectively managing the property.
- > A current outstanding balance owed by any household member to a prior landlord
- A current outstanding balance owed by any household member to HUD to return assistance paid in error
- > Failure to execute or pay repayment agreements

If the applicant has no landlord history, the landlord screening will be considered "positive".

SCREENING FOR THE PRESENCE OF BED BUGS OR OTHER PARASITIC INFESTATIONS

To prevent pests from entering the property, the applicant must allow for inspection of the contents that will be moved in to the unit before an applicant will be approved and a unit will be offered. If bed bugs or other parasitic infestations are discovered, the contents must be treated and the items certified as pest-free before determination of eligibility is completed. If the applicant fails to comply with the inspection requirements the applicant will be rejected.

Inspection is offered at the expense of COVENANT VILLAGE. However, it is the responsibility of the applicant to be certified as pest free prior to move-in.

Note: If the applicants do not live in the same residence, the contents of each residence must be inspected and certified as "Pest Free". If contents are stored in public storage, private storage or in



some other location, the applicant must advise the owner/agent so that all contents are inspected and certified as "Pest Free" prior to move-in.

REJECTING INELIGIBLE OR UNQUALIFIED APPLICANTS

The owner/agent reserves the right to reject applicants for admission based on any of the following:

- > No unit of the appropriate size exists on the property
- The household fails to meet the LIHTC indicated eligibility requirements for the assistance program/property
- Any member of the household fails to meet the applicant screening requirements
- > Any member of the household fails to sign appropriate verification documents
- Misrepresentation
- ➢ Fraud
- Any member of the household fails to respond to management inquiries for additional information during the application process
- Any member of the household fails to provide changed household information to the management company as indicated
- The owner/agent is unable to contact the applicant via US Mail (letters undeliverable or returned) and/or by phone (number disconnected or changed)
- Any member of the household has a record of eviction, for lease violations, from any property managed by QUANTUM REAL ESTATE MANAGEMENT, LLC
- Any member of the household has a record of eviction, for lease violations, from any property within the last three years
- > There is record of outstanding or overdue payments to a previous landlord
- > There is record of outstanding or overdue payments to HUD
- > There is record of outstanding or overdue payments to utility providers
- Any member of the household refused to allow treatment of unit contents, at the cost of the owner/agent, when there is history of the presence of bed bugs, fleas, or other parasites)
- > The household is unable to establish utilities in the new unit
- > The household is unable to pay the security deposit required
- > The household is unable to take possession of the unit within 30 days
- > The household is unable to pay the first month's rent

REJECTION NOTICES

The owner/agent will promptly notify the household (Head-of-Household (HOH) (HOH)), in writing, of the denial of admission or assistance. A rejection letter will be sent to the Head-of-Household (HOH) (HOH) via First Class Mail. The rejection letter will include the reason(s) for the rejection.

APPEALING THE REJECTION

Any applicant may make a request to appeal the denial in writing **fourteen (14) calendar days from the date of the rejection**. The owner/agent will accept the request in an equally effective manner, as a reasonable accommodation, if there is the presence of a disability. Such requests are to be submitted to the property management office. If there is no appeal request within fourteen (14) days, the rejection will be considered final. Reasons to appeal include:

You believe the decision has been made in error



- > You believe there are extenuating circumstances that should be considered
- You or a member of your household is a victim of abuse covered by the Violence Against Women Act and you feel your status as a victim contributes to the decision to deny
- You or a member of your household is a person with a disability, and you believe a reasonable accommodation would allow us to continue processing the application
- Your household was rejected because the application includes someone who is a registered sex offender and you wish to remove that household member

Any staff person engaged in the initial review will not be involved in the appeal. Applicants may bring a representative to assist in the appeal meeting. Applicants and/or their representatives have the right to request a reasonable accommodation to:

- Assist in facilitating your request for appeal
- > To assist in your participation during the appeal meeting

The owner/agent will provide written notification of a final decision within five (5) business days of the meeting.

OFFERING AN APARTMENT

When a unit becomes available and eligibility is determined, available units will be offered using one or more of the following methods:

- \succ In writing
- \blacktriangleright Over the phone
- ➢ By email

If the owner/agent is unable to contact the household (Head-of-Household (HOH) within ten (10) business days from the date of the letter, the offer will be cancelled and the apartment will be offered to the next applicant based on the selection criteria described in this plan.

Failure to respond to the owner/agent will be considered a refusal of the unit offer. (See Right to Refusal policies.)

OFFERING ACCESSIBLE UNITS

Units that have been made accessible in accordance with the Universal Federal Accessibility Standards or the Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines will be offered to applicant households with disabled members first. In some cases, the owner/agent may implement marketing effort to ensure that disabled households occupy accessible units.

Units with communication accessible features will be offered to households with a verified need for communication accessible units first

Units with mobility accessible features will be offered to households with a verified need for mobility accessible units first



After move-in, if the members of the household who required the special features of the accessible unit no longer reside in the unit, and where the lease permits, the owner will require the remaining members of the household to move to a unit without accessibility features when such a unit of the appropriate size becomes available.

If there is no household on the waiting list that has requested an accessible unit, the unit will then be offered to the next household based on the selection order. Before the applicant can accept that accessible unit, all adult members of the applicant household must sign an agreement that includes a requirement to move, at the household's expense, to the first available non-accessible unit that meets the household's occupancy requirements as described in this plan. The resident household will not be required to move if:

- 1) No unit that meets the household's occupancy requirements is available
- 2) There is no applicant household on the waiting list requesting an accessible unit

In either of the cases above, the household will have a maximum of thirty (30) calendar days to complete the move. If the applicant fails to move in thirty (30) calendar days, assistance will be terminated. This rule, in no way, affects the single residence criteria. The household can only accept assistance in one unit on any given day.

OFFERING UNITS TO DISABLED APPLICANTS REQUESTING ACCESSIBILITY FEATURES

The owner/agent will not skip over a household that has reached the top of the waiting list and has indicated a need for certain unit features because of a disability.

The household will be given the opportunity to benefit from the program and decide, in compliance with the Fair Housing Act and Section 504, whether a unit meets the needs of the disabled household member. The household may accept the unit and request some modification to the unit as a reasonable accommodation. See Appendix A for information about requesting a reasonable modification.

RIGHT TO REFUSAL

The Right to Refusal Policy applies to applicants and existing residents who have submitted a Unit Transfer Request. Residents requesting unit transfer and applicants will be offered available units based on the information included in this resident selection plan.

Right to refusal policies will be modified in four cases:

- 1. If a disabled applicant or resident is at the top of the waiting list, they will be offered units as they become available regardless of whether they include accessible features. A disabled household has the right to refuse an unlimited number of non-accessible units or units that do not meet specific accessibility requirements.
- 2. If an applicant or resident household with no disabled members is at the top of the waiting list, and there are no disabled households on the waiting list, that household may be offered an accessible unit. An applicant household with no disabled household members has the right to refuse an unlimited number of accessible units or units that do not meet their needs.
- 3. Any applicant may reject an available unit on a property set aside for the elderly and/or disabled if this unit is close to another unit with an animal. This action will not negatively affect the household's application for occupancy or position on the waiting list to be eligible for the next



available unit. The owner/agent is not obligated at the time the applicant rejects a unit to provide an alternate unit.

4. If an applicant or resident has requested a smoking unit or a non-smoking unit, and the unit offered does not match the request, the applicant or resident may refuse that unit with no penalty.

TIMEFRAME FOR TAKING POSSESSION OF A UNIT

The applicant must agree to take possession of a unit in no more than seven (7) calendar days unless the owner/agent provides written exception to this policy.

If the applicant household does not complete appropriate paperwork and does not take possession of the unit within seven (7) days from accepting the offer, the applicant will be subsequently rejected and removed from the waiting list. (Extenuating circumstances related to verified medical situations will be considered.) The owner/agent reserves the right to refuse subsequent applications. The unit will be offered to the next eligible applicant/resident based on the selection order described in this plan.

UNIT TRANSFER POLICIES

The owner/agent will accept requests for transfer based on the following:

- 1. There is a need for a unit transfer based on the verified need for an accessible unit
- 2. There is a verified medical need for a different unit.
- 3. There is a need for a unit transfer of a household that does not require the accessibility features of a unit in which they are living
- 4. The resident has requested and qualifies for a VAWA Emergency Transfer
- 5. The resident has requested and qualifies for a transfer based on imminent threat not associated with a VAWA crime

Existing residents must complete a Unit Transfer Request. The Unit Transfer Request must be completed and signed by the head of household and all adult household members who wish to move. The owner/agent will accept the Unit Transfer Request in an equally effective format, as a reasonable accommodation, if there is the presence of a disability.

Special consideration is given when the unit transfer is requested because there is:

- > A verified medical need for a different unit
- ➤ A verified need for an accessible unit
- There is a need for a unit transfer of a household that does not require the accessibility features of a unit in which they are living to accommodate a disabled resident/applicant on the waiting list.
- A change in household size that makes the current unit too large or too small for the family based on the owner/agents occupancy standards
- > The resident has requested and qualifies for a VAWA emergency transfer
- The resident has requested and qualifies for a transfer based on imminent threat not associated with a VAWA crime

Except in those cases described above, unit transfers will be granted only if:



- > The household has not given notice to move
- The resident is not being evicted
- > The resident is current for all outstanding charges
- The resident has not entered in to a repayment agreement for failing to fully and accurately report income or household composition
- > The resident has no record of more than one minor lease violation in the last 12 month
- > The resident has no record of any major lease violations
- The resident complies with lease provisions regarding decent safe and sanitary conditions of the current unit

SECURITY DEPOSITS, PET DEPOSITS & UNIT TRANSFERS

When a resident transfers to a new unit with all other household members, the owner/agent will charge a new security deposit and refund the security deposit for the old unit less any outstanding amounts for rent, fees or damages.

HOUSEHOLD SPLIT

In some cases, a household may split. A Split Household is defined as one assisted household becoming two or more assisted households.



This happens when one or more household members move out of the unit in to a new unit. Some of the original household members remain in the original unit.

When this happens, those members establishing a "new" household will be treated as applicants with a preference. New application documents must be completed and submitted to the owner/agent.

The "new" household must be eligible and must meet all screening requirements. The resident selection plan in effect at the time of the final eligibility determination will be used.

SECURITY DEPOSITS, PET DEPOSITS & HOUSEHOLD SPLITS

If the household "splits" and one or more residents remain in the original unit, the original security deposit will remain with the original unit and a new security deposit will be collected for the new unit.

If a pet remains in the original unit, the pet deposit will remain with the original unit. If a pet will reside in the new unit and a new pet deposit will be collected for the new unit.

CHANGES IN HOUSEHOLD COMPOSITION

ADDING HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS AFTER INITIAL OCCUPANCY

The owner/agent must approve any new adult household member <u>**before**</u> he/she moves in to the unit. Eligibility criteria, screening criteria and compliance with occupancy standards will be reviewed before the new household member is approved or denied.

The request to add a new household member will not be considered if the resident has provided notice to vacate the unit. This helps prevent applicants from "jumping" ahead on the waiting list. Any new adult household member will be considered an applicant and must participate in the eligibility determination and screening processes described in the resident selection plan in place at the time of the eligibility determination.

The rent/assistance payment will be re-calculated to reflect any income or allowances for the new household member. If the rent increases, the increase will take effect the first of the month following delivery of a 30-day notice of change to rent. If the rent decreases, the decrease will take effect the first of the month following the addition of the new household member.

This policy applies to live-in aides as well. Screening criteria will also be applied to live-in aides, **except for the criterion regarding credit performance or the ability to pay rent on time** because live-in aides are not responsible for rental payments. However, live in aides must meet other screening criteria established by the owner/agent. Income and/or allowances received by live-in aides will not be considered.

Information about new household members who are minors must be provided to the owner/agent as quickly as possible but within no more than thirty (30) calendar days. This includes, as applicable, required eligibility information and other pertinent information.



Failure to notify the owner/agent about changes in household composition as described above may result in termination of tenancy for the entire household. Please contact the owner/agent or property staff if you have questions about this policy.

REMOVING HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS AFTER INITIAL OCCUPANCY

Residents must notify the owner/agent if any household member listed on the lease leaves the unit. This notification must occur as quickly as possible but within no more than thirty (30) calendar days.

Failure to notify the owner/agent about changes in household composition may result in termination of tenancy for the entire household. Please contact the owner/agent if you have questions about this policy.

EXTENDED ABSENCE FROM THE APARTMENT

The length of time tenant may be absent from the apartment is no longer than 60 continuous days, or no longer than 180 continuous days for medical reasons. An extended absence beyond that period will result in the resident giving up their right to occupancy of the apartment. Extenuating circumstances will be taken into consideration.

APARTMENT INSPECTIONS

All apartments must undergo periodic inspection conducted by the on-site management team, the IRS or owner representatives/agents. These inspections include not only interior but also exterior inspections. Residents have the right to be present, and are, in fact encouraged, to be present during unit inspection.

The move-in inspection is an opportunity to familiarize the new resident with the property and the unit, as well as to document its current condition. By performing move-in inspections, the owner/agent and residents are assured that the unit is in livable condition and is free of damages. A move-in inspection gives the owner/agent an opportunity to familiarize residents with the operation of appliances and equipment in the unit.

The move-out inspection is conducted when a household vacates a unit. The owner/agent will list the damages on the Unit Inspection Form and compare it with the Unit Inspection Form completed at move-in to determine if there is any damage or excessive wear-and-tear.

In addition, the owner/agent will perform **unit inspections bi-annually** to determine whether the appliances and equipment in the unit are functioning properly and to assess whether a component needs to be repaired or replaced. This is also an opportunity to determine any damage to the unit and, if so, make the necessary repairs. At this time, residents may be charged for damages to the unit so long as those damages are not the result of normal wear-and-tear.

If during the inspection, the unit is found to be in unsanitary condition, to the point where health and safety issues are at risk, the owner/agent will issue a poor housekeeping notice. The owner/agent will then give tenant a notice of a follow-up inspection to take place within two (2) weeks to ensure that the tenant has taken the necessary steps to correct the situation. After three notices of poor housekeeping, it will be at the manager's discretion whether to allow the resident to continue tenancy.

IRS, HUD, or its authorized contractor(s), has the right to inspect the units and the entire property to ensure that the property is being well maintained. These inspections assure the IRS and HUD that



owners and their agents are fulfilling their obligations under the regulatory agreements and/or subsidy contracts and that residents are provided with decent, safe, and sanitary housing.

CHANGES TO THE RESIDENT SELECTION PLAN

Applicants will be notified in writing when the resident selection plan undergoes <u>significant</u> change or when preferences are added or removed. At that time, applicants will be:

- 1) Given an opportunity to review the new plan
- 2) Notified of changes to preferences
- 3) Asked if they wish to remain on the waiting list

If the applicant household does not respond, that household will be deemed ineligible and removed from the waiting list.

The current resident selection plan, in place at the time of final eligibility determination, will be used to make a final decision to approve or reject the application.



APPENDIX A – REQUEST FOR REASONABLE ACCOMMODATION OR MODIFICATION

The owner/agent is committed to complying with the Fair Housing Act and Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act by ensuring that its policies and practices do not deny individuals with disabilities the opportunity to participate in, or benefit from, nor otherwise discriminate against individuals with disabilities in connection with the operation of housing services or programs solely on the basis of such disabilities.

If an individual with a disability requests an accommodation or modification, the owner/agent will fulfill these requests, unless doing so would result in a fundamental alteration in the nature of the program or create an undue financial and administrative burden. In such a case, if possible, the owner/agent will offer an alternative solution that would not result in a financial or administrative burden.

- (1) The owner/agent informs all applicants/residents that, at any time, the applicant/resident or a person acting on behalf of the applicant/resident may make a request for reasonable accommodation or modification for an individual with a disability.
- (2) At the time of application, all applicants are provided with a copy of the Reasonable Accommodation -Modification Policy. This is provided in writing as part of the Application Package or, upon the applicant's request, the Policy will be provided in an equally effective format.
- (3) All applicants/residents are provided with a Reasonable Accommodation/Modification Request Form when requesting a reasonable accommodation or modification. The request will be accepted in an equally effective format, as a reasonable accommodation, if there is the presence of a disability. A resident or applicant may submit the request in writing, orally, or use another equally effective means of communication to request an accommodation.
- (4) Residents and applicants may contact the management office located within their property for information about requests.
- (5) The owner/agent will provide an initial reply to requests as quickly as possible, but no more than ten (10) business days from the receipt of the request unless the owner/agent explains the delay. Response may include but is not limited to:
 - i. Request Approval
 - ii. Request Denial
 - iii. Request for Additional Information or Verification of Need
- (6) The owner/agent will consent to or deny the request as quickly as possible. Unless the owner/agent explains the delay, the applicant/resident will be notified of the decision to consent or deny within no more than thirty (30) calendar days after receiving all necessary information and documentation from the resident and/or appropriate verification sources. All decisions to grant or deny reasonable accommodations will be communicated in writing or, if required/requested, in an alternative format. Exceptions to the thirty (30) day period for notification of the owner/agent's decision on the request will be provided to the resident setting forth the reasons for the delay.
- (7) If the request for reasonable accommodation or modification is denied, the requestor has the right to appeal the decision within ten (10) business days of the date of the written notification of denial. The appeal meeting will be conducted by a person who was not originally involved in the decision to deny.



APPENDIX D – VERIFICATION OF HOUSEHOLD COMPOSITION

If an applicant household indicates that one or more members should be removed from the application, the owner/agent will accept such notification from the Head-of-Household (HOH) (HOH) if it is provided on a notarized form provided by the owner agent. The following rules apply.

If the household is being rejected because a member is registered as a sex offender in any state lifetime sex offender registry, the owner/agent will take extra steps to ensure that the sex offender is not housed in any unit on the property. The household will have to provide documentation to prove that the sex offender will live at another location. Acceptable documentation includes, but is not limited to:

- Confirmation from a landlord with copy of an executed lease
- Confirmation from local police
- > Confirmation from anyone who maintains sex offender registries including but not limited to:
 - a) Dru Djodin Sex Offender Registry
 - b) Megan's List
 - c) State or Federal Sex Offender Registries
- New driver's license with new address

Information will be confirmed for up to one year after move-in.

If it is discovered that the household allowed any registered sex offender to live in the unit, the applicant must understand that he/she is not qualified to live on the property. Because this is a material lease violation, all household members must vacate the unit within 30 days.

One of the key requirements, at application and during residency, is to disclose who will be living in the unit at any given time. It is important to understand the difference between a resident and a guest.

Resident: A resident is any person who is listed on the application, on any Family Summary submitted and on the lease who will reside in the unit.

Guest: A guest is a person who visits any resident and may stay overnight no more than thirty (30) consecutive nights in a one-year period and may stay overnight no more than ninety (90) non-consecutive nights in any one-year period without express written consent of the owner/agent.

If the owner/agent suspects that a guest should actually be classified as a resident, the owner/agent will request a meeting with the Head-of-Household (HOH).

The resident will have ten(10) days to meet with the owner/agent. Failure to respond to the request to meet will result in termination of assistance beginning the first of the month following the 10-day notice.

If the owner/agent suspects that a guest is actually living in the unit, the owner/agent will ask for verification of alternative residence. Samples of such verification include one or more of the following:



- Verification with the United States Postal Service that no mail, for the guest, is delivered to the unit address
- ➤ *A current driver's license for the "guest" with an alternative address
- ➢ *A current lease indicating an alternative residence
- ➤ *A current utility bill in the person's name showing an alternative address
- ▶ *A current insurance policy or other such invoice/bill showing an alternative address

*Current means issued/created within the last thirty (90) days.

In addition, the resident(s), indicated on the lease, must sign a notarized statement confirming that the guest does not violate the guest policy as indicated above and does not reside in the unit.

Live-in Aides: A live-in aide must meet the following definition::

- 1) Is essential to the care and well-being of the resident
- 2) Is not dependent on the resident for support
- 3) Is only living in the unit to provide essential support

If a resident or applicant requests a live-in aide, the owner/agent is required to verify the need for a livein aide using third-party verification.

Live-in Aides are required to complete the Live-in Aide Questionnaire. The information on the Live-in Aide questionnaire will be verified and the prospective live-in aide will be screened in accordance with the resident selection plan in place at the time of review. The live-in aide will not be screened for the "ability to pay rent" since the live-in aide is not responsible for rent payment.

The live-in aide must be approved and must sign the House Rules and the Live-in Aide Addendum before move-in.

If a live-in aide moves in prior to screening and prior to signing required forms, the owner/agent will issue a notice of lease violation and may pursue other action including, but not limited to eviction of the live-in aide, and/or termination of tenancy.

Children/Minors:

When children are later added to the household, the following will be required. For children who are born, adopted or in foster care or in another legal custodial relationship with an existing household member, the owner/agent requires the following:

- Proof of age/legal custodial arrangement
 - Birth certificate indicating that a household member is a parent; or
 - Adoption paperwork indicating that a household member is a parent as appropriate; or
 - Verification from the foster agency indicating the unit as the primary residence of the foster child as appropriate; or
 - Other documents proving legal custody arrangement as appropriate



For children who are not part of a legal custody arrangement who will be living in the unit, the owner/agent requires:

- Two forms of proof that the child resides with a member of the household
 - Verification from a government organization indicating that the unit will be the primary residence for the minor (examples include but are not limited to school records, children services agencies, foster programs, etc.)
 - Verification from a medical professional in the know indicating that the unit will be the primary residence for the minor
 - Verification from a social service organization indicating that the unit will be the primary residence of the minor (examples include but are not limited to homeless shelters, shelters for victims of domestic violence, etc.)
 - A signed, notarized statement from an adult household member claiming guardianship of the minor child

The owner/agent does not and will not establish policies intended to exclude children. If none of the household members can provide documentation for minors, as described above, the owner/agent will meet with the resident to discuss reasonable alternatives. The owner/agent will be the final judge of what is considered adequate documentation proving household composition/residency.



APPENDIX E – VAWA POLICY

Protections Provided under the VAWA

The Violence Against Women Act (VAWA) provides protections to women or men who are the victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault and/or stalking – collectively referred to as VAWA crimes. The owner/agent understands that, regardless of whether state or local laws protect victims of VAWA crimes, people who have been victims of violence have certain rights under federal fair housing regulation.

This policy is intended to support or assist victims of VAWA crimes and protect victims, as well as affiliated persons, from being denied housing or from losing their HUD assisted housing as a consequence of their status as a victim of VAWA crimes. Affiliated persons include:

- 1. A spouse, parent, brother, sister, or child of the victim, or a person to whom the victim stands in the place of a parent or guardian (for example, the affiliated individual is a person in the care, custody, or control of the victim); or
- 2. Any individual, resident/applicant, or lawful occupant living in the household of that individual.

VAWA ensures that victims are not denied housing and housing assistance solely because the person is a victim of a VAWA crime. However, being a victim of a VAWA crime is not reason to change the eligibility or applicant screening requirements set forth in the Tenant Selection Plan unless such requirements interfere with protections provided under the VAWA.

For example: An owner/agent may waive the requirement to review landlord history for an applicant if the victim has provided necessary documentation to certify their status as a victim and if contacting a previous landlord would put the applicant's location at risk of exposure to the accused perpetrator.

Confidentiality

The *Notice of Occupancy Rights under the Violence Against Women Act* provides notice to the resident/applicant of the confidentiality of information about a person seeking to exercise VAWA protections and the limits thereof. The identity of the victim and all information provided to The owner/agent relating to the incident(s) of abuse covered under the VAWA will be retained in confidence. Information will not be entered into any shared database nor provided to a related entity, except to the extent that the disclosure is

- 1. Requested or consented to by the victim in writing; or
- 2. Required for use in an eviction proceeding or termination of assistance; or
- 3. Otherwise required by applicable law.

The owner/agent will retain all documentation relating to an individual's domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault and/or stalking in a separate file that is kept in a separate secure location from other applicant or resident files.

Requests & Certification

When the owner/agent responds to a request to exercise protections provided under the VAWA The owner/agent will request that an individual complete, sign, and submit the VAWA certification form, within fourteen (14) business days of the request. This certification may be submitted in an equally effective manner, as a reasonable accommodation, if there is the presence of a disability.



If the applicant/resident has sought assistance in addressing domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault and/or stalking from a federal, state, tribal, territorial jurisdiction, local police or court, the resident may submit written proof of this outreach in lieu of the certification form. The owner/agent will accept the following:

- A federal, state, tribal, territorial, or local police record or court record or
- Documentation signed and attested to by a professional (employee, agent or volunteer of a victim service provider, an attorney, medical personnel, etc.) From whom the victim has sought assistance in addressing domestic violence, dating violence and/or stalking or the effects of the abuse. The signatory attests under penalty of perjury (28 U.S.C. §1746) to his/her belief that the incident in question represents bona fide abuse, and the victim of domestic violence, dating violence and/or stalking has signed or attested to the documentation.

The victim is not required to name his/her accused perpetrator if doing so would result in imminent threat or if the victim does not know the name of his/her accused perpetrator.

Occupancy Agreement Bifurcation

If the owner/agent determines that physical abuse caused by a resident is clear and present, the law provides the owner/agent the authority to bifurcate an Occupancy Agreement i.e., remove, evict, or terminate housing assistance to any accused perpetrator, while allowing the victim, who lawfully occupies the home, to maintain tenancy.

Legal Action

Victims are encouraged to seek police/legal protection from their accused perpetrator. In some cases, The owner/agent may file a restraining order against the accused perpetrator to prevent the accused perpetrator from entering the property.

Occupancy Agreement Addendum

The HUD approves Occupancy Agreement addendum will be implemented and provided in accordance with HUD guidance.

Emergency Transfer

The owner/agent will consider an Emergency Transfer Request when a person seeking to exercise VAWA protections feels that he/she is:

- In in imminent danger
- Was sexually assaulted on the property within 90 days of the request

Please see the property VAWA Policy or VAWA Emergency Transfer Plan for additional information.

